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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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Kazumi Tabuchi

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BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH
PO BOX 747
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747

EXAMINER

PHAM, THIERRY L

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2625

NOTIFICATION DATE

DELIVERY MODE

09/26/2007

ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/843,875	Applicant(s) TABUCHI, KAZUMI	
	Examiner Thierry L. Pham	Art Unit 2625	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 June 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 25 June 2007 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

- This action is responsive to the following communication: an Amendment filed on 6/25/07.
- Claims 1-20 are currently pending, wherein claims 19-20 are newly added.
- Amendment filed with respect to the drawings has been reviewed and approved by examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hori (U.S. 5847726), and in view of Ogawa (JP 2000076035A, translation provided).

Regarding claim 1, Hori discloses an ink-jet printer system (*inkjet printing system, fig.63*) comprising:

- an ink-jet printer (*printer 101, fig. 6*) is provided with storage means (*RAM 124 for storing various numerical values, fig. 6, col. 6, lines 5-25 and col. 9, lines 1-10*) which updates last printing operation (*last/preceding printing operation timing, col. 4, lines 12-18 and col. 9, lines 1-10*) conducted based on a print request and print data issued by a host computer (*print request and print data are issued from a host computer, abstract, fig. 3 & fig. 7*);
- wherein, each host machine (*PC 130, fig. 6*) includes print control means (*CPU 31, fig. 6*) for reading out the completion time instant (*preceding/completion time, col. 9, lines 1-30 and col. 13, lines 28-60*) from the *host memory 34B* at the start of a printing operation (*printing operation from PC 130, fig. 7, col. 9, lines 1-40 and col. 13, lines 28-60*), obtaining an inactive time (*elapse time, fig. 7, col.9, lines 59-65 and col. 13, lines 28-60*) by comparing the read out completion time instant with the current time (*comparing last operation time with current time, fig. 7, col. 9, lines 59-65 and col. 13, lines 28-60*), and selectively issuing an execution order of recovery treatment (*i.e. purging operation, fig. 7*) to the ink-jet printer by comparing the

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obtained inactive time with a predetermined reference time period (*comparing elapse time with predetermined period/time, fig. 7, col. 9, lines 65 to col. 10, lines 5 and col. 13, lines 28-60*).

Hori teaches a completion time instant of last printing operation is stored in RAM 34B of host computer 3, but fails to teach and/or suggest storing a completion time instant of a last printing operation in an ink-jet printer, and fails to teach and/or suggest an ink-jet printer is shared by multiple number of host machines/computers. In other words, Hori teaches a completion time instant of last printing operation is stored in RAM 34B of host computer 3 rather than in RAM 24 of printer 1.

Ogawa, in the same field of endeavor for ink-jet printing system, teaches a well-known example of storing completion time instant of a last print operation in an ink-jet printer (storing completion time instant of last printing operation in RAM 10 of printer 1, abstract, pars. 5, 15, 20-22) and wherein an ink-jet printer shared by multiple number of host machines/computers (sharing a printer with multiple host computers are well known and widely used in the art, for example, via LAN, WAN, and Internet network).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the inkjet printer of Mori to store completion time instant of last printing operation and to share with multiple host computers (a) to allow an inkjet printer to be shared with multiple of users, therefore, reducing hardware costs; (b) to improve versatility; (c) eliminate expensive real-time clock (par. 4 of Ogawa).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Mori with Ogawa to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1.

Regarding claim 2, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein the print control means (host computer, fig. 3) includes time measuring means (real time clock 35, fig. 3) for measuring the current time and transfers the current time measured by the time measuring means at the end of a printing operation to the ink-jet printer as the completion time instant of the printing operation (current time and last printed completion time, col. 6, lines 15-40).

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Regarding claims 3-4, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein the print control means determines whether or not the completion time instant of the last printing operation read out from the ink-jet printer is valid (determine whether the last printed operation time was accurately recorded, col. 10, lines 40-67+) and gives an execution order of a recovery treatment (i.e. purging/flushing operations/tasks based upon the comparison results, fig. 7, cols. 9-10) if the completion time instant is invalid (invalid time, fig. 8, col. 11, lines 28-47).

Regarding claims 5-7, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein if the completion time instant which was read from the ink-jet printer at the end of the last printing operation indicates a later time than the current time (last printed operation time is later than the current time read from the host computer, col. 10, lines 40-67+), the print control means issues to the ink-jet printer a command of prohibiting (update is not necessary due to inaccuracy of time recorded, cols. 10-11) the update of the completion time instant held in the storage means.

Regarding claims 8-16, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein if the completion time instant which was read from the ink-jet printer at the end of the last printing operation indicates a later time than the current time, the print control means informs that fact to other host machines and provides warning (informs users to update host computer's time to reflect the correct current time, col. 10, lines 40-67+).

Regarding claim 17, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 2, further comprising: a clock server (host computer includes a real time clock, fig. 6) for indicating the current time, wherein the print control means reads the current time from the clock server at regular intervals and updates the current time measured by the time measuring means based on the read current time.

Regarding claim 18, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, further comprising: a clock server (host computer includes a real time clock, fig. 6) for indicating the current time, wherein the storage means updates and stores the current time indicated by the

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clock server at the printing operation end as the completion time instant of the last printing operation (current and last printed completion time, fig. 4).

Regarding claim 19, Ogawa further teaches the ink-jet printer system to claim 1, wherein when the host machine issues the print request to the ink-jet printer, the ink-jet printer transfer the completion time instant (transmits print end time from printer to host, pars. 7-8) to the host machine before execution of printing.

Regarding claim 20, Ogawa further teaches the ink-jet printer system according to claim 1, wherein the ink-jet printer stores (completion time instant is stored in printer's RAM, par. 7-10) the completion time instant without outputting the updated completion time instant until a next print job request is generated one of the multiple number of host machines is received by the ink-jet printer.

Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments filed 6/25/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding claim 1, the applicant argued the cited prior arts (U.S. 5847726 to Hori and JP 2000076035A to Ogawa) fail to teach and/or suggest providing an ink-jet printer that memorizes the completion time instant of the last printing operation. In addition, the applicant also argued that Ogawa's teaching is not clear as to whether, after the printing is completed, the memorized time instant is maintained or not even when new printing job is to be performed.

In response, the examiner fully disagrees with applicant's arguments. Ogawa clearly teaches printer's RAM for storing completion time instant (par. 7-10). In addition, printer's RAM 10 is to hold and store completion time instant (par. 7-10 and par. 20-22). Ogawa also teaches NV-RAM 11 (nonvolatile RAM) which can stores data even if when the power is turned off. Therefore, NV-RAM 11 is well known in the art that it can be implemented to store plurality of completion time instants (past completion time and its history or database).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

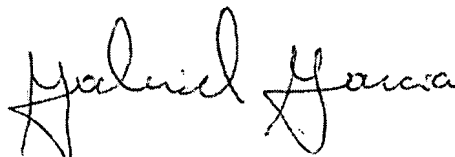
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thierry L. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-7439. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30 AM - 6:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David K. Moore can be reached on (571)272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Thierry L. Pham

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Gabriel Garcia', with a stylized, cursive script.

GABRIEL GARCIA
PRIMARY EXAMINER